**Abc’s of the american revolution**

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| **A** | John and Abigail Adams met as children.  |
|  B | The Boston Tea party was a result of the Tea Act, a British tax on tea. |
|  **C** | Crispus Attucks was the first to fall during the Boston Massacre. |
|  **D** |  The Declaration of Independence was the document declaring the freedom of Americans. |
|  **E** | The East India Company was the only company allowed to sell tea in the colonies during the tea act. |
|  **F** | Benjamin Franklin played the violin, the harp, and the guitar.  |
|  **G** | George Washington was a British general during the French and Indian war. |
|  H |  John Hancock signed his name the largest on The Declaration of Independence.  |
|  **I** |  The Intolerable Acts were a set of British taxes that the colonists thought were “intolerable.” |
|  **J** | July 4, 1776 was the day that the Declaration of Independence was submitted to the First Continental Congress and was accepted. |
| **K** | At the battle of Kings Mountain, the losses were; Patriots, 29 dead, 58 wounded; Loyalists, 250 dead, 163 wounded, 668 captured. |
| **L** |  A Loyalist was a colonist who believed the British should be in charge. |
| **M** | Minutemen were Patriot soldiers who claimed that they could be ready for battle in less than a minute.  |
| N | The majority of Native American tribes fought for the British. |
|  **O** | The Olive Branch Petition was a final attempt by the colonists to avoid going to war with Britain during the American Revolution. |
|  **P** | Patriots were colonists who didn’t agree that the British should be in charge.  |
| **Q** | The British Parliament passed the Quebec Act on June 22, 1774. |
|  **R** | Paul Revere was a silversmith before his famous Midnight Ride.  |
|  **S** | The Stamp Act was when the British taxed all printed materials. |
| **T** |  The Thirteen colonies were Delaware, Pennsylvania, NewJersey, Georgia, Connecticut, Massachusetts Bay, Maryland, South Carolina, New Hampshire, Virginia, New York, North Carolina, and Rhode Island and Providence Plantations. |
| **U** | The Thirteen colonies eventually became the United States of America. |
| **V** | Virginia was one of the original Thirteen colonies. |
| **W** | William Prescott was known for saying “Don’t fire until you see the whites of their eyes.” |
| **X** | When the King and Parliament began to create trade laws and imposed taxes on sugar, Americans grew angry. |
| **Y** | A yeoman was a farmer who worked on land he owned, not rented from someone else. |
| **Z** | Peter Zenger was a symbol of freedom of the press.  |

[Look at my Document of Massachusetts Battles?](file:///S%3A%5CHanson%20Middle%5CTechnology%20Integration%5C5th%20Snow%5CRevolutionary%20War%20Battles%20in%20Massachusetts.docx)

[People list?](http://theamericanrevolution.org/people.aspx) Remember, you may not copy their sentence!

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<https://quizlet.com/13916779/american-revolution-a-z-flash-cards/>

[https://www.storyjumper.com/book/index/22289148/American-Revolution-ABC-s#](https://www.storyjumper.com/book/index/22289148/American-Revolution-ABC-s)

 “Massachusetts in the American Revolution.” *History of Massachusetts*, 19 Aug. 2018, historyofmassachusetts.org/massachusetts-american-revolution/.

*The American Revolution - (Important People)*, theamericanrevolution.org/people.aspx.